Grand Test – SPP 170208



## **SBI PO Preliminary** Grand Test –SPP-170208 HINTS & SOLUTIONS

1. (3)	High dependence of many on forests		_ 1414.4
2. (1)	More landless women		$\Rightarrow P = \frac{1}{0} \frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{1} = Rs.8500$
3. (3)	Benefitting without self interest		0.1664
4. (4)	Top-down approach to Community forestry		•• Amount = Rs. (8500 + 1414.4) = Rs. 9914.4
5. (1)	Dependence forces them to extract and also have	32. (3)	Let the ages of the mother and daughter be 7x and x
	concern for conservation		years respectively.
6. (4)	Are able to meet conservation objectives as well as their		7x - 4 19
	own interest		$\cdots$ Four years ago, $\frac{x-4}{x-4} = \frac{1}{1}$
7. (3)	Children become more aware about conservation		$\rightarrow$ 19y - 76 - 7y - 4
8. (1)	The meaning of the word Control (Verb) as used in the		$\rightarrow$ 12y - 72 - y - 6
	passage is : to have power over a person etc; to limit		$\rightarrow 12 - 72 - 7 = 0$
	something: to manage to make yourself remain calm; to		•• Mother's age after four years = $7x + 4 = 7 \times 6 + 4 =$
	stop something from getting worst or spreading.		46 years
	Look at the sentence:	33. (4)	Quicker Approach
	Fire fighters are still trying to control the blaze.	BA	Required time – LCM of 12, 18 and 20 seconds
	Hence, the synonym of controlling should be holding in		180  seconds = 3  minutes
	check.		
9.(3)	The meaning of the word Paradox (Noun) as used in the	34. (1)	Quicker Approach
	passage is : a person, thing or situation that has two		$4 \times 2$ men = $4 \times 4$ women = 20 children
	opposite features and therefore seems strange; a	1	$\Rightarrow$ 2 men = 4 women = 5 children
	statement containing two opposite ideas. Its synonym		$\cdot \cdot$ 2 men + 4 women + 10 children = 20 children
	should be anomaly.		$\therefore M_1 D_1 = M_2 D_2$
10. (2)	The meaning of the word Acute (Adjective) as used in		$ \xrightarrow{1} 5 \times 4 = 20 \times D = 1 \text{ dow} $
	the passage is: very serious or severe.	1	$\Rightarrow 3 \times 4 - 20 \times D_2 \Rightarrow D_2 - 10ay$
	LOOK at the sentence:	35. (5)	Quicker Approach
11 (1)			Speed of the boat in still water
13(1)	14 (5)		-1
15 (3)	11.(0)		$=\frac{1}{2}$ (Rate down stream + Rate upstream)
16 (1)	Quintessentially (Adverb) = most importantly		2
17. (1)	18. (2)		$-\frac{1}{2}(32+28) - 30$ kmph
19. (1)			2 - (32 + 20) - 30 Kilph
20. (2)	plug (Verb) = to provide something that has been	36. (4)	The series is based on the following pattern :
	missing from a particular situation and is needed in	05 R	11 = 2 × 3 + 5
	order to improve it.	UTY	38 = 11 × 4 - 6
21. (4)	Idiom at loose ends means: having nothing to do and		197 = 38 × 5 + 7
( )	not knowing what you want to do.		1172 ≠ 197 × 6 - 8
22. (2)	Here, was the one that should be used. Relative		$\therefore$ 1172 is wrong and it should be replaced by
. ,	pronoun who is used to show which person or people		197 × 6 - 8 = 1174
23. (4)	you mean.	37.(1)	The series is based on the following pattern :
24 (5)	you mean. in the way of	37.(1)	The series is based on the following pattern : $107 - 71 = 36 = 6^{2}$
Z4. (J)	you mean. in the way of No correction required	37. (1)	The series is based on the following pattern : $107 - 71 = 36 = 6^2$ $71 - 46 = 25 = 5^2$
24. (5) 25. (5)	you mean. in the way of No correction required No correction required	37. (1)	The series is based on the following pattern : $107 - 71 = 36 = 6^{2}$ $71 - 46 = 25 = 5^{2}$
24. (5) 25. (5) 26. (4)	you mean. in the way of No correction required No correction required (A) and (B) only	37. (1)	The series is based on the following pattern : $107 - 71 = 36 = 6^{2}$ $71 - 46 = 25 = 5^{2}$ $46 - 30 = 16 = 4^{2}$
24. (5) 25. (5) 26. (4) 27. (5)	you mean. in the way of No correction required No correction required (A) and (B) only Either C and (A) or (C) and (B)	37. (1)	The series is based on the following pattern : $107 - 71 = 36 = 6^{2}$ $71 - 46 = 25 = 5^{2}$ $46 - 30 = 16 = 4^{2}$ $30 - 21 = 9 = 3^{2}$
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Grand	Test – SPP 170208			<b>ACE</b>
39. (3)	The series is based on the following pattern:	51. (5)	$l \Rightarrow p^2 + 3p + 2p + 6 = 0$	
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		$\Rightarrow (p+3) + 2 (p+3) = 0$ $\Rightarrow (p+3)(p+2) = 0$ $\Rightarrow p = 2 \text{ or-} 3$	
	Obviously, 3.5 is the wrong number which should be		$II \implies q^2 + q + 2q + 2 = 0$	
40. (2)	The series is based on the following pattern: 1.5		$\Rightarrow q(q + 1) + 2 (q + 1) = 0$ $\Rightarrow (q + 1)(q + 2) = 0$	
	$16 \ 4 \ 2 \ 1.5 \ 1.75 \ 1.875$	52. (4)	$\Rightarrow q = -1 \text{ or } -2$ Obviously $p \le q$ I. $\Rightarrow p = \pm 2$	
	Obviously, 1./5 is the wrong number which should be replaced by 1.5.		II. $\Rightarrow$ q <sup>2</sup> + 2q + 2q + 4 = 0 $\Rightarrow$ q(q + 2) + 2(q + 2) = 0	
41 – 45.	Number of female players = 200 Number of male players = 600		$\Rightarrow q(q+2) + 2(q+2) = 0$ $\Rightarrow (q+2)(q+2) = 0$ $\Rightarrow q = -2$	
	Total number of cricketers = $800 \times \frac{1}{4} = 200$		Obviously, $p \ge q$	
	Female cricketers = 60	53. (2)	$l. \Rightarrow p^2 + p - 56 = 0$	
	Male cricketers = 140 Male badminton players = 110 = 30 = 80		$\Rightarrow p^2 + 8p - 7p - 56 = 0$	
	Total tennis players = 80	DA/	$\Rightarrow p(p+8) - 7 (p+8) = 0$	
	Total hockey players = 220 Female tennis players = 22		$\rightarrow$ (p + 8) (p - 7) = 0 $\Rightarrow$ p = 7 or - 8	
	Male tennis players = 80 - 22 = 58	_	II. $\Rightarrow$ q <sup>2</sup> - 8q - 9q + 72 = 0	
	Total baseball players = 190		⇒q (q - 8) - 9 (q - 8) = 0	
	Female hockey players = 44	$\downarrow$	$\Rightarrow (q - 8) (q - 9) = 0$ $\Rightarrow q = 8 \text{ or } 9$	
	Male hockey players = 220 - 44 = 176		Obviously, p < q	
41. (2)	Required ratio = 44 : 80 = 11 : 20	54. (1)	We have,	(i)
42. (3)	Total number of males in hockey, cricket and baseball = 176 + 140 + 146 = 462	C	3p + 2q = 36 4p + 4q = 92 $\Rightarrow 2p + 2q = 46$	(I)
43. (1)	Required percentage = $\frac{44}{170} \times 100 = 25$		$\Rightarrow$ 2p + 2q = 46 By (i) - (ii) we get	(1)
44. (5)	Required difference = $146 - 80 = 66$		p = 12 From (i) 3 × 12 + 2a = 58	
45. (4)	There are maximum female players in cricket (60) and		$\Rightarrow 2q = 58 - 36 = 22$	
46. (1)	Required average monthly salary	-0	$\Rightarrow$ q=11 Hence p>q	
	15000+15000+30000 - Ps 20000	55. (2)	$l. \Rightarrow 3p^2 + 15p + 2p + 10 =$	: 0
(= (0)	3		$\Rightarrow 3p(p+5) + 2(p+5) = 0$	
47.(2)	Total monthly salary of all the five persons in 2008 = Rs. 75 thousand		$\implies (p+5)(3p+2) = 0$	
	Arvind's total monthly salary = Rs. 45 thousand		$\Rightarrow$ p = -5 or $-\frac{2}{3}$	
	Required percentage = $\frac{45}{75} \times 100 = 60\%$		$ = 10 q^2 + 5q + 4q + 2 = 0 $	
48. (4)	Earning of each one over all the years :		$\Rightarrow 5q (2q + 1) + 2 (2q + 1) =$	0
	Sumit = Rs. 60 thousand Apil = Rs. 40 thousand		$\Rightarrow$ (2q + 1) (5q + 2) = 0	
	Jyoti = Rs. 75 thousand		$\Rightarrow q = -\frac{1}{2} \text{ or } -\frac{2}{5}$	
	Arvind = Rs. 45 thousand		2 - 5 Obviously, p < q	
49. (3)	Required percentage	56. (5)	Let the breadth of rectangula	ar field be x metres.
	$=\frac{25-20}{25}\times 100=20\%$		$\therefore$ Length = $x \times \frac{115}{100} = \frac{23x}{20}$	metres
50. (2)	After an increase of 30% Jyoti's salary in 2010		Now, Length $\times$ Breadth = A	rea
	$=\frac{30\times130}{100}$ = Rs. 39 thousand		$\Rightarrow \frac{23x}{x} = 460$	
	100		$\rightarrow$ 20 $^{-400}$	

## 🔔 RACE Grand Test – SPP 170208 $\Rightarrow x^2 = \frac{460 \times 20}{23}$ $\Rightarrow 2\left[\left(1+\frac{1}{10}\right)^2-1\right]=\frac{3x}{100}$ $\Rightarrow x^2 = 20 \times 20$ $\Rightarrow 2\left[\left(\frac{11}{10}\right)^2 - 1\right] = \frac{3x}{100}$ $\Rightarrow$ x = $\sqrt{20 \times 20}$ = = 20 metres Let the listed price be Rs. x. 57. (1) $\therefore$ Discount = 30% of x = $\frac{30x}{100}$ = Rs. $\frac{3x}{10}$ $\Rightarrow 2\left(\frac{121}{100}-\right)$ According to the question $\Rightarrow \frac{2 \times 21}{100} =$ $\frac{3x}{10} = 82.5 \implies x = \frac{82.5 \times 10}{3} = \text{Rs.}275$ $\Rightarrow$ 3x = 2 × 21 · Required cost price of calculator = 70% of 275 $\Rightarrow x = \frac{2 \times 21}{3} = 7 \times 2 = 14$ $= Rs. \frac{70 \times 275}{100} = Rs. 192.50$ 63.(2) Total possible outcomes = n(S)There are 8 letters in the word 'SOFTWARE', including 3 58. (5) Selection of 4 marbles out of 15 marbles. vowels (O, A, E) and 5 consonants 15

(S, F, T, W, R). Considering three vowels as one letter, we have six

letters which can be arranged in  ${}^{6}P_{6} = 6!$  ways. But corresponding to each way of these arrangements, the vowels can be put together in 3! ways.  $\therefore$  Required number of words = 6!  $\times$  3! = 4320

4 men out of 7 men and 4 women out of 8 women can 59. (1) be chosen in  ${}^{7}C_{4} \times {}^{8}C_{4}$  ways

$$\Rightarrow \frac{7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4}{1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4} \times \frac{8 \times 7 \times 6 \times 5}{1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4} = 35 \times 70 = 2450$$
  
60. (4) Let the principal be Rs. x and rate of interest be r%  
Case I:  $\frac{x \times r \times 7}{1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4} = 1750$ 

$$\Rightarrow xr = \frac{1750 \times 100}{7} = \text{Rs.25000}$$

7

Case II:

S. I. = 
$$\frac{\mathbf{x} \times (\mathbf{r} + 2) \times \mathbf{r}}{100}$$

Which cannot be determined with the help of given information. 61. (3) A's present age = 2xyears

B's present age = 3xyears According to the question, 3x + 16 = 2(2x + 4) $\Rightarrow$  3x + 16 = 4x + 8  $\Rightarrow$  4x - 3x = 16 - 8  $\Rightarrow$  x = 8 years = Required difference

62. (5) C.I. = 
$$P\left[\left(1 + \frac{R}{100}\right)^T - S.I. = \frac{P \times R \times T}{100}\right]$$

According to the question, 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Pr\left[\left(1+\frac{10}{100}\right) - 1\right] = \frac{P_{X} \times 3}{100}$$

$$-1 = \frac{3x}{100}$$

$$C_4 = \frac{15 \times 14 \times 13 \times 12}{1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4} = 1365$$

When no marble is blue, favourable number of cases n(E) = Selection of 4 marbles out of 11 marbles

$$C_4 = \frac{11 \times 10 \times 9 \times 8}{1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4} = 330$$

n(E)• Required probability = 1-

$$=1 - \frac{330}{1365} = 1 - \frac{22}{91} = \frac{69}{91}$$

64.(5) Total possible outcomes = n(S)

$${}^{15}C_2 = \frac{15 \times 14}{1 \times 2} = 105$$

Favourable number of cases = n(E) = Selection of 2 marbles out of 6 red marbles

$$C_2 = \frac{6 \times 5}{1 \times 2} = 15$$

• Required probability = 
$$\frac{n(E)}{n(S)} = \frac{15}{105} = \frac{1}{7}$$

Total possible outcomes = n(S)

$$=\frac{15\times14\times13}{1\times2\times3}=455$$

Favourable number of cases =  $n(E) = {}^{4}C_{2} \times {}^{3}C_{1}$ 

$$=\frac{4\times3}{1\times2}\times3=18$$

<sup>15</sup>C.

Required probability = 
$$\frac{18}{455}$$

(66 - 67):

65.(3)



66.(1) Mohan is grandson of Revs.



